## Physics 20

## Chapter 1 Worksheet

Answer the following questions on a separate sheet. Make sure to follow all rules for setting up a question, sig digs, and scientific notation when appropriate.

1. Illustrate two examples of scalar measurements, and two examples of vector measurements. Explain why scalar and vector are different.
2. Explain if the speedometer on a car shows average or instantaneous velocity.
3. You see Jackie Chan walking down the street and decide to check his reflexes. You fling your pet hedgehog, Phil, 4.7 m North towards him. Jackie easily catches Phil, screams in pain, and throws him 7.8 m South. Determine the distance and displacement that Phil has traveled. ( $12.5 \mathrm{~m}, 3.1 \mathrm{~m}[\mathrm{~S}]$ )
4. You're pushing a toy car along a ramp that is 3.0 m long. Determine the velocity of the car if it takes you 4.58s to push it along this ramp. Give your final answer in $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ and $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}$. $(0.66 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}=2.4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h})$
5. Sketch a displacement - time graph that shows the motion of an object as it...


Illustration 1: Phil the Hedgehog.
a) starts at rest,
b) begins to speed up in the positive direction,
c) and ends up traveling forwards at a constant velocity.
6. Explain how you could determine the displacement of an object from a velocity-time graph.
7. You are traveling down the highway at $110 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ when you notice a turn up ahead that you will need to slow down for. You apply the brakes, which you know causes an acceleration of $2.15 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, for 6.8 s . Determine your final velocity. ( $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ )
8. The International Pickle Rolling Championships will once again be in our city, so you decided to go into training and try out. In training you have been able to get the pickle to go from $2.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ up to $6.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ over a distance of 21.7 m . Determine how much time this takes you to do. (4.6s)
9. During landings the Space Shuttle used fins on the back of its tail as "speed brakes" to help the brakes on the landing gear to slow down the Shuttle. In training, the pilots practised doing a landing where the brakes on the landing gear had failed and only the speed brakes on the tail were working. If the shuttle touched down at $315 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and came to rest on a runway that was 6.4 km long, determine the acceleration needed from the speed brakes. $\left(-0.60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right)$
10. You have gone up to the top of the Empire State Building and start throwing pennies down to the street level (you heard something about this on Mythbusters once). As the police drag you away, you do some quick math in your head. If you had thrown the pennies down from the observation deck 321 m above street level at an initial velocity of $1.99 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, determine their speed as they reach the ground. $(79.4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ )
11. The second generation Tesla Roadster claims to be the highest acceleration of any production car. It can accelerate from zero to $97 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ (they test it as 60 miles per hour) in just 1.9s. Determine how many gees a driver would feel, and explain the significance of this acceleration as they sit in a seat in the car. (1.4 gees)

